



THEATRE ROYAL.
Positively the Last Night but One of Playing,
And the LAST of Mr ALDRIDGE'S DANCING.
For His BENEFIT,
On SATURDAY Evening next, will be presented, a Comedy, never performed here, called,
The DOUBLE GALLANT.
(Altered from CIBBER.)
At all, by Mr LEWIS;
Carles, Mr Cummins; Clemons, Mr Lane; Old Will, Mr Char-
teris; Sir Harry Atall, Mr Colby; Dr Blister, Mr Hallion; Rhubarb,
Mr Tyler; Tunder, Mr Taylor;
And Sir Solomon-Sadlife, Mr BAILEY.
Lady Dainty, Mrs CHARTERIS;
Clarinda, Miss Mills; Sylvia, Mrs Woods; Withwell, Mrs Bailey;
And Lady Sadlife, Mrs INCHBALD.
WITH ENTERTAINMENTS OF DANCING.
And (by Particular Desire) a COMIC DANCE, composed of the most
favourite Scotch Airs, in which will be introduced the
MINUET DE LA COUR:
And to conclude with the
HIGHLANDER'S FROLIC,
By Mr ALDRIDGE and Mr WHITTOW.
Also, not performed for many years, Mr ALDRIDGE'S Favourite
PANTOMIMICAL DANCE of the
The DRUNKEN PEASANT,
Peasant, Mr ALDRIDGE.
Clown, Mr BAILEY.
Likewise a GRAND NAVAL DANCE, called,
HEARTS OF OAK, or BRITAIN'S GLORY:
With a PROCESSION of the SONS of the WAVES.
Lieutenant of the Gang, by Mr ALDRIDGE.
In which Character he will make his entry in the Long-boat,
and also introduce his favourite HORNSPIPE.
Susan Constant, Miss MILLS.
To conclude with a
NEW ALLEMANDE,
By Mr ALDRIDGE and Miss MILLS.
N.B. The Dances will be so regulated, as not to impede the evening
Entertainments.
With a Farce as will be expressed in the Bills.

A SCHOOL-MISTRESS WANTED.
THERE is wanted immediately, for the MAIDEN HOSPITAL,
founded by the Crafts of Edinburgh, and Mary Erskine, a
SCHOOL-MISTRESS. She must, by the statutes of the Hospital, be
unmarried, and qualified to teach the girls to read, sew coloured and
white seam, wash and dress linens, and to work lace and stockings;
drawing of muslins, ruffles, Dresden, &c.; and all other sort of needle-
work proper for the education of young women; and if she has a little
knowledge in the millinery business so much the better.
None need apply but such as are properly qualified, and can produce
proper certificates of their good moral character.
Mr James Cunningham, jun. baxter, treasurer to said Hospital, will
inform as to further particulars; and such as mean to apply must give
a their applications betwixt and Monday the 7th of August next.

Excise-Office, Edinburgh, July 26, 1780.
BY Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of Excise, there is to
be exposed to SALE by public auction, at Stirling, on Friday the
11th August next,
776 Gallons AQUAVITÆ,
Lately condemned before the Justices.
The spirits to be viewed at the Excise warehouse on the morning of the
day of sale.

ADAMS'S SOLVENT
For the STONE and GRAVEL,
IS to be sold at ALEXANDER MANNERS'S, Merchant, below
the Guard, south side of the street, second shop above the Tron
Church, in bottles at One Guinea, Half a Guinea, and Five Shillings
and Sixpence each; and no where else in Scotland. Prepared by S. PER-
RY, Surgeon, London.

LANDS for SALE near KINROSS.
TO be SOLD by Private Bargain, THE LANDS of EASTER BAL-
LADO, lying within a mile of the town of Kinross. These
lands consist of about 200 Scots acres mostly arable ground, and are ca-
pable of being highly improved. They are under lease to a good sub-
stantial tenant for the yearly rent of 431. 10 s. besides paying all public
burdens; and the proprietor has it in his power to take possession of
the principal dwelling-house, offices, garden, and other accommodations.
If the purchaser inclines, the greatest part of the price will be allow-
ed to remain in his hands, on good security.
For other particulars, apply to the proprietor at Ballado, or to Ralph
Bowie writer in Edinburgh.

LANDS TO SELL.
THE Estate of CASTLEHILL, in the County of Caithness, compre-
hending the Towns and Lands of Castlehill, Gerth, Harland, and
others. This estate consists of above 820 acres of ground, about two
thirds of which are arable, of an excellent quality. The lands abound
in marble, most conveniently situated. There are likewise great quan-
tities of sea weed, or ware, and shell land, quite adjacent to the corn-
fields on the north side, to which there is very easy access; and stones
of the best qualities may be quarried in almost every part of the estate,
with little trouble or expence. In an arm of the sea, intersected be-
twixt this estate and Dunnet Head, there is salmon and herring fisheries;
and the salmon are caught within two hundred yards of the manor-
house. On the shores of the estate some kelp may also be made. The
manor-house and offices are all new, large, and commodious. The
estate has also an interest in a very rich and extensive adjacent
common, a considerable part of which, on a division, will fall to the
proprietor of it.
James Horne, writer in Edinburgh, will satisfy as to the title-deeds,
show a plan of the estate, and has powers to conclude with a purchaser;
and Mr Donald Macleod sheriff substitute of Caithness, at Murkle, can
also inform as to further particulars.

A SLOOP for SALE at Borrowstounness.
THE MERCURY, William Thomson late Master,
burden about 75 tons, will be sold by private
Bargain, betwixt and the 20th August next.
This is a fine new vessel, built in Borrowstounness,
August 1778, on purpose for navigating the Canal;
at same time is well calculated, and completely fitted
for going in any trade coastwise or foreign.
James Baird thoremaster in Borrowstounness holds an Inventory, and
may be treated with for the purchase.
All who have claims on the Mercury are desired to lodge them with
Mr Baird, before the said 20th August next.

ROADS.
THE Trustees for High Roads in the parishes of Kilmarnock, Dun-
donald, Flenick, and Kilmarr, and for the Turnpike-road, lead-
ing through these parishes, have RESOLVED, for the regular and speedy
dispatch of Public Business, to meet at Kilmarnock quarterly, on
the first day of August, November, February, and May, at twelve o'-
clock noon, in time coming; and appointed their first meeting to be
in the house of Mrs Paton innkeeper, on the first Friday of August
next, when it is expected the Trustees will attend.
The said Trustees having appointed Mr William Macgregor, land-
surveyor in Kilmarnock, to be SURVEYOR of the turnpike roads from
Kilmarnock to Irvine, Stewarton, and Flookbridge, and of all the
High Roads in the parishes of Kilmarnock and Flenick; and Mr Alex-
ander Sutherland at Irvine, to be Surveyor of the High Roads in the
parishes of Dundonald and Kilmarr; this public intimation is made
thereof, that all persons concerned may observe the orders and direc-
tions of the said Surveyors, agreeable to law. The said Surveyors have,
in particular, full power to fix and point-out where any stones, gravel,
or other materials, are to be raised for making or repairing high roads,
and by what roads or passages the same shall be carried away, to which,
by express act of Parliament, no stop can be put, on pretence of Dam-
ages, the Trustees, or Quarter Sessions, being to settle these as the
law directs.
All persons in arrears of high-road money in the fore said parishes, are
requested to pay the same immediately. WILLIAM BROWN, CLK.

A FORGERY.
THE Proprietors of the SUNDERLAND BANK having had four
Promissory Notes for Five Pounds each presented for payment,
through one channel, which are forged, and which bear the appearance
of their Notes for Five Pounds, the Public are desired to attend to the
following description of the said forgery: And, if any suspicious person
should offer any such forged notes in payment, they are earnestly re-
quested to apprehend such person or persons, and give immediate notice
to the Sunderland Bank, or to any of the Banks at Newcastle or Dar-
lington, or to Messrs Allao and Stuart, Edinburgh.
The Forged Notes appear to have been first drawn with a pencil, and
afterwards covered with Indian Ink in the engraving part, and with
common ink in the written part. They are ill executed, and in parti-
cular upon very bad paper, without any water-mark.
The Real Notes of the old plate, which are imitated in the forgery,
have WILLIAM RUSSEL, SUNDERLAND, in a water-mark, which
is readily perceived on the least examination.
Whoever can discover the person or persons concerned in the forgery
or offering the same in payment, knowing them to be so, shall, upon
commitment, on satisfactory proof, receive FIFTY POUNDS; and upon
conviction FIFTY POUNDS more to be paid by the proprietors of the
Sunderland Bank, at their office in Sunderland. And any person or per-
sons concerned in the said forgery, discovering his or their accomplice
or accomplices, upon conviction, will be entitled to the above reward
and his Majesty's pardon.
St James's, June 27, 1780.
WHEREAS it has been humbly represented to the King, that four
Promissory Notes, for Five Pounds each, purporting to be the notes of
the Sunderland Bank, have lately been presented for payment at the
said Bank, which Notes appear to have been forged by some person or
persons unknown.
His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to justice the per-
son or persons concerned in the said Forgery, or offering the said Notes
in payment, is hereby pleased to promise his most gracious pardon to
any one of them (the actual forger or forgers excepted) who shall disco-
ver his or her accomplice, or accomplices therein, so that he or they
may be apprehended and convicted thereof. STORMONT.

The Public will please to observe, that the Proprietors of the said
Bank have issued notes from a new plate, which has RUSSEL, AL-
LAN, and CO. SUNDERLAND BANK, in a water-mark, and en-
graved by J. Gray, whose name is in the tail of the l. in (I PROMISE)
They will further observe, that all the old notes having the water-mark
as before described, (WILLIAM RUSSEL SUNDERLAND) are e-
qually as good as the new notes, to which they will please give particular
attention.

SALE of an ESTATE in Argyleshire,
INCLUDING
The celebrated ISLAND of STAFFA.
TO be SOLD by public roup, within the British Coffee-house, Edin-
burgh, on Monday the 30th day of November 1780, betwixt the
hours of five and six o'clock afternoon.
THE LANDS and ESTATES of ULVA and ORMAIG, compre-
hending, among others, the celebrated ISLAND of STAFFA, and a con-
siderable tract of country along the sea-coast, being very extensive and
improvable, having all the materials for that purpose on the estate, and
water carriage.
The sea-coast of this estate abounds in fish of all kinds, and the mairs
are fished with a variety of game. The yearly free rent, after deduc-
tion of minister's stipend, and a small feu-duty, payable to the Duke of
Argyle, the superior, is 4781. sterling; exclusive of the produce of the
kelp-shores presently enjoyed by the tenants, which yield annually about
50 tons of that valuable commodity, and may of itself much increase
the rental upon proper leases; the whole lands being just now out of
lease, except the farm of Laggan Ulva, rented at 131. 6s. 8d. sterling.
In order to encourage purchasers, the whole subjects are to be ex-
posed at 9600 l. sterling, being only about 20 years purchase of the pre-
sent rent of this very improvable estate.
The articles of sale and progress of writs, with a judicial rental, are
to be seen in the hands of William Macdonald writer to the signet,
Edinburgh; and copies of the rental with John Macmillan writer in In-
verary; to either of whom application may be made for further particu-
lars, or a private bargain previous to the day of sale.

SALE of LANDS in STIRLING-SHIRE.
TO be SOLD by public roup, upon Thursday the 3d of August 1780,
betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, in the Exchange Coffee-
house, Edinburgh, That Part of the Lands of POLMONT called
POLMONT PARK, lying in the parish of Polmont, within three miles
of each of the market towns of Falkirk, Linlithgow, and Borrowstoun-
ness.
These lands, which contain about 63 acres of a remarkable fine soil,
all inclosed and subdivided with hedges, are presently let for only 51 l.
2 s. 6d. and 26 kain hens; so that a very considerable rise may be ex-
pected at the expiry of the tack, which is in a few years.—There is
wood of great value ready for cutting on the lands.
There is also a house thereon, new and elegantly finished, consisting
of ten fire rooms, besides closets, kitchen, &c.: Being situated on the
rising ground above the Kerrie of Falkirk; it commands a most exten-
sive and beautiful prospect of the Frith of Forth, Carron Works, Great
Canal, and country adjacent. From this delightful and remarkably
healthy place may be seen part of nine counties.
The lands hold feu of the Duke of Hamilton for payment of a small
duty.
The entry to the house, which stands within an hundred yards of a
very fine well, may be immediately; and to a few acres of land adjoining
it at Martinmas first. The whole, or most part of the price, will be
allowed to remain in the hands of the purchaser, if desired, upon proper
security.
Peter Johnstone, the tacksmen of the lands, will show the premises.
The articles of roup and progress of writs are in the hands of Alex-
ander Wright writer, Carrubber's close; to whom any person inclining to
purchase by private bargain may apply before the day of sale.



Upon Thursday the 7th of September next, at ten o'clock forenoon
there will be exposed to public roup and sale, at Auchtermuchty,
SEVERAL HORSES, COWS, and IMPLEMENTS of HUSBAND-
RY, together with the CROP of CORNS growing upon the lands,
presently in the possession of William Marshall senior, merchant in
Auchtermuchty. And, upon the same day, betwixt the hours of three
and four afternoon, there will be sold, by public roup, within the house
of Andrew Halkerton vintner in Auchtermuchty, The following HE-
RITABLE SUBJECTS, belonging to the said William Marshall senior,
viz: 1st, That commodious DWELLING-HOUSE, with the Office-
houses and Garden, lying at the east end of the said town of Auchter-
muchty. The garden is extensive, completely inclosed, and is well
stored with fruit trees of different kinds, and has a neat summer-house
therein.—2dly, That TENEMENT of LAND, lying opposite to the
cross of Auchtermuchty, consisting of eight rooms and a kitchen, with
the Office-houses and large garden thereto belonging. Both these subjects
are at present possessed by the said William Marshall senior.—3dly,
That large and commodious DWELLING-HOUSE, lying contiguous
to the last mentioned subjects, with the Stables, Brew-house, Malt-barn,
and pertinents thereto belonging, presently possessed by Andrew Hal-
kerton vintner. The dwelling-house, newly built, consists of several
rooms, and the brewery and pertinents are in good order. These sub-
jects are well adapted for an inn, and for the malting and brewing busi-
ness.—4thly, Sixty Small DWELLING-HOUSES, lying in the said
town of Auchtermuchty.—5thly, About THIRTY ACRES of LAND,
lying in different fields near said town. These lands are mostly inclosed,
and are in good order.—6thly, A PORTION of the HILL of AUCH-
TERMUCHTY, consisting of about 25 acres of land, and upon which
there is a convenient dwelling-house built. These acres are inclosed, and
mostly planted, and the planting is in a thriving condition.
The lands and houses will be exposed in such lots as purchasers shall
incline; and the whole subjects will be shown by the said William Mar-
shall senior, any time betwixt and the day of sale.
The title deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of Robert
Johnston writer in Cupar Fife.
N.B. The CREDITORS of the said WILLIAM MARSHALL se-
nior, for himself, and as representing the deceased James Marshall, his
father, and the also deceased Francis Marshall, his brother, passing un-
der the firm of James Marshall and Co. are desired, immediately to
lodge in the hands of the said Robert Johnston exact notes
of their debts, with oaths of verity thereon. And such as are in-
debted to the said William Marshall senior, are required, instantly to
make payment of the sums they owe, to the said Robert Johnston, who
has power to uplift and discharge the same.

By ADJOURNMENT.
SALE of LANDS in EAST LOTHIAN.
To be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-
house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 9th of August next, between
the hours of five and six afternoon.

THE Lands and Estate of St GERMAINS, compre-
hending the lands of St Germain, Chesham, and Greencliff,
lying within the parishes of Tranent and Gladsmuir, constabulary
of Haddington, and shire of Edinburgh. The estate consists of full 400
acres of exceeding good arable land, all inclosed and subdivided, partly
with stone-wall, and partly with hedge and ditch; and there is a field
of coal in the ground of three seams, which may be wrought to great advan-
tage. The lands are pleasantly situated in a fine country, eleven miles
east of Edinburgh, five from Haddington, and two from Presburgh,
commanding a fine prospect of the Frith and opposite coast of Fife, and are
in the near neighbourhood of plenty of lime. A considerable part were
in the proprietor's natural possession, in high cultivation, and may be
rented to immediately after the sale; the rest are let to substantial ten-
ants. Putting a moderate value on the grounds in the proprietor's pos-
session, the free yearly rent amounts to about 3831. Sterling; and the
lands are valued in the cess-books of Haddington shire at 698 l. 17 s. 2d.
Scots.
There is an exceeding good substantial mansion-house on the estate,
lately repaired, which may accommodate a large family, and suitable of-
fices, all in good repair; a remarkable good garden of two acres, with
walls stocked with fruit-trees of the best kinds, and a hot-house, furnish-
ed with vines and pines. There is also melon and cucumber ground, a
pigeon-house, porter's lodge, &c.
The place is in complete order, and done up with great taste.
The title-deeds, articles of sale, a plan and measurement of the lands
may be seen in the hands of William Ramsay clerk to the signet; to
whom any person inclining to purchase by private bargain may apply.

A FARM TO LET.
TO be LET, by public roup, within the British Coffee-house, Edin-
burgh, upon Wednesday the 2d August next, betwixt the hours
of four and five afternoon.
The farm of TARRYREOCH, in the parish
of Bathgate, and shire of Linlithgow, consisting of about 160 acres of
ground, with a dwelling-house, offices, and other conveniences. The
entry to the premises to commence at Martinmas next. The tenant
may have an opportunity of purchasing the crop and stocking presently
on the farm, at a moderate valuation.
For particulars, application may be made to John Tawse writer in E-
dinburgh, who is authorised to conclude a bargain before the day of
roup. And James Faichney at Tarryreoch will show the grounds.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, July 21.
The Arethusa, tender to the Amazon, Captain Cleland, bound
from Quebec to Jamaica, was drove to Antigua; she failed from thence
in January last, and has not since been heard of.
The Eagle, Ashton, from Liverpool, has taken two prizes, and car-
ried them into the West Indies.
Poole, 19. A French row boat has been cruising on this coast three
weeks; on Saturday last she took two sloops, and on Sunday she took
another, and would have taken a fourth (which she chased) had not
the wind sprung up fresh.
The Jamaica fleet will sail to-morrow, if the wind permits. The
signal for the masters is shifted to the Eustice.
The Dolphin, Ford, has taken and carried into Penzance the Light
Chasse-Maree.
The Ranger, Molloy, from London for Lisbon, was taken the 17th
ult. by a French man of war, and carried into Cadix.
The Stanley, Shilborn, from Liverpool, with salt, is arrived at
Penzance, after being taken by a French privateer, and ransomed for
400 guineas.
The Lady Parker, McDowell, from Georgia to Jamaica, was taken
the 7th of April, off Hispaniola, by two French frigates, and carried
into Cape Francois.
The Sally and Rachel, Hayes, is arrived at Falmouth, with the
Juffrow Wobither, Wachst-schaal, of and from Bremen to Bour-
deaux, with baulk, deal, and staves. She took the Juffrow Wobither
in latitude 48. 23.
Portsmouth, 19. Last night arrived his Majesty's ship Prudente,
of 36 guns, Captain Waldegrave, from a cruise; this ship, a few days
since, in the Bay, fell in with the Capricieux, a large French frigate,
with above 300 men; a desperate engagement ensued, which con-
tinued upwards of four hours, when the Licorne frigate came up, and
the Capricieux soon after struck; on boarding her, the pired to be in
so bad a condition, that after taking out the people, they were obliged
to sink her. The French frigate had her two first Captains and about
50 men killed, and upwards of 50 wounded. The Prudente had 19
killed, the first Lieutenant and 21 men wounded.



Admiralty Office, July 22, 1780.

Extract of a letter from the Honourable Captain W. Waldegrave, of his Majesty's ship La Prudente, to Mr. Stephens, dated Spithead, July 18, 1780.

ON the 4th instant, being on a cruise with the Licorne in company, at ten o'clock A. M. Cape Ortugal then bearing S. and by W. distance 24 leagues, the Licorne made the signal for seeing a sail in the N. W. and a thick fog then dispersing, we discovered a large ship bearing down to us. I immediately made the signal to chase, soon after which the chase hauling her wind, being then only six miles distance from us, we clearly discovered her to be a large frigate, which, from her construction, we concluded to be French.

As we had light winds and calms the whole day, it was half past eleven P. M. ere I found myself within close pistol-shot of her. The signals she now made, both with rockets and lights, convincing me that she was an enemy, I immediately began to engage her; and, at half past four A. M. she hauled down her colours to his Majesty's ships La Prudente and Licorne.

She proved to be La Capricieuse, a French frigate, eight days from L'Orient, pierced for 44 guns, but mounting only 32; complement 308 men. She was launched in March last, measured 1100 tons, and was one of the finest frigates I ever saw.

I am very sorry to say, that the condition of the prize was such (as their Lordships may observe from the report of the survey) as rendered it impracticable to effort her to England. Indeed, the very heavy loss I had sustained in the action, and unfortunately having twenty sick on shore, and many on board, made it absolutely impossible for me to give her the necessary assistance for that purpose: I therefore, after removing the prisoners, set her on fire.

Finding, from the condition of my ship, the utter impossibility of executing my orders, I have therefore given directions to Captain Cadogan, the commander of his Majesty's ship Licorne, to put them into immediate execution.

Notwithstanding our seeming superiority, I hope the return of the killed and wounded will sufficiently evince, that my officers and ship's company have acquitted themselves in the most gallant and spirited manner. Indeed, I feel it is impossible to do justice to their merits.

In justice to Lieutenant Binks of the marines, I must beg leave to observe to their Lordships, that his party behaved with the utmost steadiness and bravery, keeping up a regular and constant fire from the beginning of the action, till necessity called them to the great guns, where they shewed an equal share of spirit and good order.

But while I am thus giving those well-deserved encomiums to his Britannic Majesty's subjects, I should feel myself in honour bound to give his enemies, on this occasion, the merits they are so truly deserving, did not the condition of their ship, and the heavy loss they have sustained, sufficiently speak their praises. I must beg leave to add, in honour of M. de Cherval, who commanded La Capricieuse at the time she surrendered, that the colours were not hauled down till the ship had five feet water in her hold.

Monf. de Ransanne and Monf. de Fontaine, the first and second Captains, both fell in the action; but, as to their farther loss, we are as yet ignorant, being unacquainted with the number of prisoners on board the Licorne; but from a rough calculation of their officers, they must have at least 100 killed and wounded.

It is with infinite concern that I acquaint their Lordships, that Lieutenant Ellison stands foremost on the list of the wounded, having been very severely bruised in the back, and his right arm carried off by a shot. I must beg leave to recommend his misfortune, and the great intrepidity he shewed during the action, to their Lordships most particular attention.

A List of the Killed and Wounded on board his Majesty's ship La Prudente.

Mr John Dismond, Mr Richard Montgomery, Mr Thomas Eng-	Killed.
land, Mr William Dismond, midshipmen,	12
Seamen,	1
Marine,	1
Total	17

Mr Joseph Ellison, Second Lieutenant,	Wounded.
Mr William McCarty, Midshipman,	1
Seamen,	25
Marines,	4
Total	31

Since dead of their wounds, Seamen,	2
Marine,	1
Total killed and wounded,	48

L I C O R N E.

3 killed; 7 wounded.

I am, &c.

WM. WALDEGRAVE.

PURSUANT to an order from the Honourable William Waldegrave, Commander of his Majesty's ship La Prudente, of this day's date, to discontinue, whose names are under mentioned have been on board the prize frigate La Capricieuse, and have there taken a strict and careful survey on her, and find as follows, viz.

The fore-mast wounded in several places.

The fore-top-mast over the side.

The main-mast lying fore and aft the deck, being gone about ten feet above the main-deck.

The main-mast shot in several places.

The main-top-mast the same.

All her spare yards and top-masts rendered unserviceable with shot.

A number of shot-holes betwixt wind and water.

Many other damages about the ship, and, when we left her, six feet water in the hold.

And we do declare we have made and taken this survey with such care and equity, that, if required, we are ready to make oath to the impartiality of our proceedings.

Given under our hands, on board the prize frigate La Capricieuse, at sea, this 6th of July, 1780.

JOHN RICHARDSON, Carpenter.

THO. STANBATT, Carpenter.

Petersburgh, June 23. Accounts are just received, that her Imperial Majesty arrived at Casarico Zelo this morning at five o'clock, in perfect health.

From the London Papers, July 22.

Brest, June 26. The convoy with the clothing, warlike stores, &c. &c. for our army and fleet in the West Indies, failed this day under the protection of L'Actif of 74 guns, commanded by M. de la Cordonnie, the frigates la Cybelle, and l'Andromaque, and the sloop le Perle. L'Actif will only accompany them to the height of Cape Finistere, from thence he will go to Cadiz, and make part of the fleet which is to come here to form the junction. We do not know with precision, to a ship, of what number the combined fleet will consist, exclusive of 11 ships remaining here ready to join; but we reckon that the part of the fleet from Cadiz, which is to force its way hither, will be at least 39 ships of the line, and by the junction, when completed, the combined fleet for the Channel will amount to 49, 50, 51, or 52 ships.

L O N D O N.

Yesterday the Rattlesnake cutter arrived expresse from Sir George Rodney, with the interesting intelligence of the great Spanish armament under Don Solano, consisting of 11 ships of the line, besides frigates, with near 100 transports and 10,000 troops on board, which failed from Cadiz in April last, having effected a complete junction with the French fleet under M. de Guichen, in the West Indies, on the 19th of June. Sir George Rodney went out, with 18 ships, to prevent the junction, but was too weak; as well as too late. Seven of his ships are in bad condition. On the 21st of June, the combined fleet lay at single anchor in

Prince Rupert's Bay in Dominica, while Sir George Rodney was obliged to remain at sea, having in vain attempted to get to St Lucia, he being to leeward of that island. The Spanish fleet of transports with troops, which failed from Cadiz under convoy of the men of war, was also in Prince Rupert's Bay, but had not debarked a single man; from whence it was strongly suspected, that some grand expedition was intended. Jamaica was the supposed object. The Spanish fleet in its voyage from Cadiz lost only two transports, which were picked up by some of our cruizers. The French fleet has been repaired and equipped at Martinico, since the last engagement with Sir George Rodney. Commodore Wallingham was not arrived when the Rattlesnake came away, but was expected every day.

The opinions in the city, of the intentions of the Spaniards going to the Leeward Islands, which they seldom do when bound to the Havannah, which is to be the destination of the above fleet, are that they are gone there only to learn the situation of affairs in the Leeward and Jamaica Islands; that the troops and stores on board them are for the Spanish Settlements on the Continent of South America, where they stand in great need of them; and from their having also a large fleet of merchantmen under convoy, that they will not land their forces to attack our islands, or spare any of their ships to reinforce de Guichen's Squadron. Various, however, are the surmises, on the other hand, that the latter must be their object, as it is scarce to be supposed that so large a fleet would have gone at all out of the way merely for the sake of procuring advice, which might have been easier obtained by the dispatching of a single packet-boat. The authors, too, of these last suggestions, make the Spanish force much greater than here represented, and as consisting of eleven or twelve ships of the line, with five frigates.

This morning it was reported at the Exchange, that an express was arrived at the Admiralty, with an account that Commodore Wallingham had joined Admiral Rodney's fleet in the West Indies, after having convoyed the merchant-ships which failed with him from Torbay, to their different places of destination.

The expedition from Jamaica, under the command of Colonel Polson, against the gold mines of Mexico, was planned and executed with equal wisdom and spirit, and must be productive of important consequences. It will aggrandize the private fortunes of the brave British conquerors, and by distressing and justly alarming Spain, that deluded nation finding, by fatal experience, the extreme danger into which it is involved by the insidious artificians of France, will gladly embrace an opportunity of making a separate peace with Great Britain. Hence, it is easy to account for the report that prevails so generally respecting the pacific embassy of Mr Cumberland to the Court of Madrid.

The troops now at Fort Juan consist of 4000 men; 2500 went from Jamaica with Colonel Polson, and 1500 have joined him since his landing there, under Major-General Kemble.

Whilst the Count de Guichen declares, that the English fleet fled for three days from that of France, the circumstance may be believed by the poor deluded French, who have no channel of information but through the French Gazette. But, no Englishman, who knows the bravery of our seamen, and the character of Admiral Rodney, will give the least credit to the French gascouade.

A letter from Martinico says, "A secret expedition is now preparing, the Admiral Guichen will go in person to command the whole; it will consist of 8000 Europeans, 1000 negroes, and six sail of the line; it is designed against some very near place, as only six weeks provisions are taken with them."

A letter from a Dutch house at Martinico, to their correspondent at Amsterdam, says, "The French fleet, in the different actions with the English, have lost upwards of 1600 men; it is incredible to believe how fast they die of their wounds, scarce a day without five or six burials from the hospital; I have known 14 a-day, all of whom have died in the course of the preceding one."

The maritime powers of Europe would have much more to fear from Russia becoming a great naval power, were it not for her extreme northern situation, which must keep her ships locked up in her ports full one half of the year. This consideration will naturally make some future enterprising Sovereign of that nation look about him for some spot to colonize, and whenever that time comes, all Europe must oppose it from political principles.

Ten frigates, within the last three days, have been ordered into the German Ocean, to cruise for three frigate-built French privateers, and several smaller ones, which have infested that sea, and taken a number of prizes.

The Lords of the Admiralty have come to the resolution of contracting for twelve more ships of war, to be built at private dock-yards, for his Majesty's service; two of which are of the line, two of 44 guns; and eight frigates, from 32 to 38 guns each.

The workmen in Deptford-yard go on very briskly with the new works. Three line of battle ships will be finished there in the course of the year; viz. the Goliath of 74, Mag-nanimo of 64, and another not yet named.

From Dunkirk we learn, that the Juliana privateer cutter, arrived there from Cadiz, brings advice, that six sail of Spanish men of war of the line had returned from a cruise in the Straits, without taking any thing, and that there were 37 sail of French and Spanish ships lying there.

The City Association have appointed several of their fellow-citizens to be instructed in gunnery, to act as a train of artillery. They have already got the clothing; the Directors of the Bank have made them presents of several pieces of cannon; and they are in future, when the military are withdrawn out of the city, to guard the Bank and other public offices in the metropolis.

We hear that five of the members of the Rebel Congress have returned to their allegiance, and are gone to their respective places of abode.

The Privy Council that was summoned for yesterday on plantation affairs was postponed till Wednesday, on account of the indisposition of Lord George Germaine, who could not attend.

Yesterday Gen. Clarke took leave of his Majesty previous to his setting off for Quebec, he being appointed Lieutenant-Governor of that place.

Yesterday Lord Loughborough was at Court, and laid before his Majesty a list of the rioters that have been tried by a special commission at St. Margaret's Hill, in the Bo-

rough, and also a list of those who were capitally convicted. Yesterday morning, about 8 o'clock, the three following malefactors were carried from Newgate to Old Street Road, facing Golden Lane, and executed pursuant to their sentence, viz. Thomas Price and James Burn, for a riot at the house of John Bradbury, the Crown ale-house in Golden Lane, and Benjamin Waters, for demolishing the house of Cornelius Murphy, a publican in the same lane. They behaved very penitent; but Burn denied the fact for which he suffered to the last moment.

About half past ten o'clock, Jonathan Stacey and George Staples were carried from Newgate, and executed opposite the house of Mr Malo, near Little Moorfields; the former for destroying the house of Mr Dillon, in White Street, and the latter for demolishing the house of the said Mr Malo. They were very penitent. The Gentlemen of the London Association attended the Sheriffs, and the procession was in the same manner as the former executions.

Yesterday morning, the carpenter who erects the gallows, by mistake, took it to Bloomsbury Square, instead of Old Street, which delayed the execution a considerable time.

It is truly shocking to observe executions taking place in every quarter of the town, and altho'ing to see the multitudes that attend them all, as if an unfeeling curiosity could never be satisfied; but, we trust, the rigour of the law will have its proper weight with unthinking youth.

Yesterday, two men were taken up at Dulwich, on an information against them, for being concerned in setting fire to the King's Bench Prison, and were confined in the New Jail, Borough.

There were eighty-five persons tried for riots at the Old Bailey, of whom thirty-five were capitally convicted of single felony, and forty-three acquitted. At the Commission at St. Margaret's-hill, fifty were tried for riots, of whom twenty-four were capitally convicted, and twenty-six acquitted. So that on the whole one hundred and thirty-five have been tried, and fifty-nine of them convicted.

Yesterday, a respite, during his Majesty's pleasure, was sent from the Secretary of State's office to Newgate, for Letitia Holland, who was to have suffered this day, for being concerned in the riot at Earl Mansfield's in Bloomsbury-square.

This day, John Gray and Charles Kent were executed in Bloomsbury-square, for being concerned in the riot, &c. at the house of the Right Hon. Earl of Mansfield.

Thomas Kelly and Andrew Grey were also executed this day at Tyburn, for feloniously assaulting and robbing Mr James Rothaker on the highway; as was, at the same place, James Early, for a robbery in Stepney-fields. Early was in the death-warrant for execution on the 8th of June last, but was released from Newgate by the rioters. The all-behaved very penitently.

His Majesty's frigate the Prudente is ordered into dock at Portsmouth, to be repaired immediately; the men are to be turned over to another ship.

The Duc de Bourgogne, privateer of Bayonne, of 18 twelve pounders, was sunk off Madeira the 1st inst. by two letters of marque belonging to Liverpool, bound to the West Indies, and very few men were saved.

Last night there was a very hot prefs both on shore and on the river, no protections being regarded.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, June 22.

"The following is said to be an exact account of the Spanish navy as it was in Cadiz the 13th instant; it was divided into two squadrons, one under Don Cordova, and the other under Don Baranda; the former consisting of one ship of 120 guns, two of 80, twelve of 74, one of 56; one frigate of 36, one of 28, two of 26; two xebecs of 36, one of 24, one of 18. The other is composed of one ship of 90, two of 80, four of 70, one of 64; two frigates of 36, one of 22. Total, 24 sail of the line, seven frigates, and four xebecs."

Extract of a letter from Brest, via Holland, June 30.

"The Count d'Etaing, who is just appointed Capt General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's naval forces in this department, is daily expected here to take upon him the command, when the fleet will immediately proceed to sea, to give battle to the English (who parade about to the great detriment of our commerce, as we daily expect some valuable fleets home) and if possible put them between two fires, in order to obtain again the command of the ocean, as we had last summer. Though Charlestown has fallen, it is expected Monf. de Ternay, with the force he has with him, will be enabled to give a very good account of the enemy, by an attack of some one or other of their principal settlements. However, we must observe this will but operate in promoting fresh incitements to the war, which most people wish to see put an end to."

Extract of a letter from Gosport, July 22.

"Arrived at Spithead yesterday, the Guernsey and Jersey fleets, under convoy of the Hawke sloop; all was well when they left those islands."

"A signal was made yesterday for the East and West India ships to fall down to St Helen's; they will proceed to sea as soon as the wind permits."

P R I C E o f S T O C K S, J U L Y 22.

Bank Stock, —	South Sea Stock, shut.
4 per cent. con. 62½ a ¾.	3 per cent. Old Ann. —
4 per cent. 1777-78 75½ a ¾.	Ditto New Ann. —
3½ per cent. 1778, —	Ditto 1751, —
3 per cent. con. shut, 62½ a 62.	India Stock, —
3 per cent. red. —	3 per cent. Ann. —
3 per cent. 1726, —	India Bonds, 2½ prem.
Long Ann. shut, 16 15-16ths a ¾.	Navy Bills, 11½ disc.
ex div.	Lott. Tick. 13 l. 3 s.
Ann. 1777, shut.	Scrip. 76½ a ¾.
Ditto 1778, shut, 12½ a ¾.	Omnium, —
Long Light Ann. —	Exch. Bills, —

E D I N B U R G H.

Extract of a letter from London, July 22.

"Lord George Gordon continues in very good health, and seems not to apprehend any danger from his approaching trial, which is certainly to come on in Michaelmas term next. The warrant on which his Lordship was committed to the Tower, is signed by Lord Stormont and Lord Hillsborough. It is very short, only stating, beside the usual form, that charges of high treason were exhibited against him. The Secretaries of State refused to admit his Lordship to bail, but sent a messenger yesterday to inform him, that he was at liberty to walk in any part of the Tower for the preservation of his health; his Lordship, however, refused this indulgence, and with great spirit declared, 'That after having been confined to a close room for so many weeks, he denied all communication with his friends, and even deprived of the amusement which his pen might have afforded him, he would

"never receive, as I but continue to, try should at once."

Extract of a letter from America, by a ship which arrived in Connecticut, and nearly advocates, — advocates, — There are, says people of England, owe a share of your ly increase your the Gentlemen of fires under their sent Cabinet. "he gained the he fame course," "the cause is the ing and unremitted, the continent! I mortified, to find the many rhetorical friendship and co- not be better rel Cabinet, most be may be productiv this country; it becoming members neral election, it shewing to their election with modern p

"This day the days. General Cl fore he failed. He up North River to French. This is a

"I had a letter, arrived there from 750 men, who which made the ar days for North Ca town, and brought twenty rebel p

"Colonel Balfour by Ninety Six to A line, garimmed by him at Augusta. line 5500 effective gun men of war, a fear, I have not h

Extract of a letter from The Ruby is and letters to late is an extract of one rived here with t ments, in all about Island. It is suppo this garrison, now the operations this son's army."—One says, "That he left arrived; had gone the Ruby failed, th armies engaged, — time."

Extract of a letter from "An account is rival of the Ruby able intelligence of lestown, having fa haufen was then u dition. The day great cannonade."

The following n after scaling, to a "Two reefs bring advice, that the 18th ult. Ge before, to endeavor ton set out next d arrived heard a lo were clearing the l

The following Ebenezer Stool to Guadaloupe, just arrived in C though this ca will not bring a cing proof of l present, and a Great Britain a

IN 3000 Bricks, 12000 Feet-boards 66000 Shingles for 2000 Red Oak Pl 1700½ Hoops, 50 New Shool 16 Old ditto, 8 Hhds Fish, 3 Hhds Cod, 7 Barrels Old fish,

11 Fish Hhds A House f 1 Barrel of 10 Firkins of Private P

Soy The THEAT August the first for the BENE Comedy of Th THE will be rev

The destinat Captain Polson the publishers o acquaintance w ra Cruz, and t ed, for the rau de Ulua, suppo Polson. That inform them, t deder to the B from Vera Cru of Nicaragua, Mexico, bound the N. Sea, o & W. by the W. and 120 in does plenty of atagua Lake

"never receive, any compliment from the authors of these severities, but continue to gratify their resentment, until the laws of his country should at once proclaim his innocence, and give him his liberty."

Extrait of another letter from London, July 22.

"America, by a late declaration in a favourite popular print, published in Connecticut, has given a most cruel stab to the pride of our patriots, and nearly, if not altogether, deprived herself of those able advocates, who have been at once for freedom, independence, and America. There are," says the author of the print, addressing himself to the people of England, "several erroneous notions to which you likewise owe a share of your misfortunes, and which, if continued, will only increase your trouble and your losses. An opinion hangs about the Gentlemen of the Minority, that America would relish measures under their administration, which the would not from the present Cabinet. On this rock Lord Chatham would have split, had he gained the helm, and several of his survivors are steering in the same course." Thus are the hopes of Opposition almost destroyed; and this is the ingratitude which they experience for their laudable and unremitted efforts to support and protect their political brethren on the continent! The poor gentlemen of the minority must be exceedingly mortified, to find themselves of so little consequence in America, after the many rhetorical battles which they have fought to obtain her friendship and confidence; and to be told too, that measures would not be better relished under their administration than from the present Cabinet, must be distressing beyond description. Such a declaration may be productive of two of the greatest evils which can possibly befall this country; it may not only prevent those loyal ties of freedom from becoming members of the Cabinet, but, as it is just at the eve of a general election, it may also tend to extirpate them from the Senate, by shewing to their electors, that even America wishes to have no connection with modern patriots!"

Extrait of a letter from Glasgow, July 25.

"This day the Ruby arrived from New York, after a passage of 30 days. General Clinton, with his army, arrived three or four days before he sailed. He did not stop at New York, but sailed with his fleet up North River to attack Washington before he was joined by the French. This is a very fortunate event."

"I had a letter, dated Charlestown, June 8. On the 6th, an express arrived there from Lord Cornwallis, desiring Irish meeting for troops to 750 men, who had come from North Carolina, and joined him, which made the amount of his army 5200. He was to march in a few days for North Carolina. Fifty Congress troops had come to Charlestown, and brought with them their Colonel, Major, four Captains, and twenty rebel peace officers."

"Colonel Balfour of the 23d regiment had got a command to march by Ninety Six to Augusta, the pass between Georgia and South Carolina, garrisoned by rebels. Another party from Savannah was to join him at Augusta. General Clinton carried with him from South Carolina 5500 effective men, the flower of the army, with four 50 and 40 gun men of war, and six frigates. Whether any were left at Cape Fear, I have not heard."

Extrait of another letter from Glasgow, July 25.

"The Ruby is this day arrived from New York, and brings papers and letters so late as the 20th and 24th June, of which the following is an extract of one of that date:—"Sunday last General Clinton arrived here with the light infantry, grenadiers, and some other regiments, in all about 5000 men, who are this day landing on Staten Island. It is supposed they will be joined by about 7000 men from this garrison, now advanced as far as Elizabeth Town. It is probable the operations this summer will be chiefly bent to disperse Washington's army."—One of the passengers, who came home in the Ruby, says, that he left New York 24th June; that General Clinton was arrived; had gone to the Jerseys with his army; and the day before the Ruby sailed, they heard a firing, which they imagined was the two armies engaged.—This is all I have been able to collect, as it is past time."

Extrait of a third letter from Glasgow, July 25.

"An account is just now arrived in town from Greenock of the arrival of the Ruby from New York in 30 days, which brings the agreeable intelligence of General Clinton, with the detachment from Charlestown, having safely arrived at New York; and that General Knyphausen was then up the North River with 7000 men, upon some expedition. The day before the Ruby left the Hook, there was heard a great cannonade."

The following note was put into a letter from Glasgow, last night, after sealing, to a gentleman of character in this city:

"Two vessels are just arrived in Clyde from New York. They bring advice, that Sir Henry Clinton arrived there with his army on the 18th ult. Gen. Knyphausen had gone up the river, a few days before, to endeavour to bring Washington to action. Sir Henry Clinton set out next day to join him. The people on board the ship now arrived heard a long and heavy cannonading in the Jerseys, as they were clearing the land."

The following is invoice of the Lively Schooner's cargo, Ebenezer Stoker master, from Newbury in New England, to Guadaloupe, prize to the Hawke privateer of Greenock, just arrived in Clyde. It is very material to observe, that though this cargo cost 30,777 l. 4 s. Congress money, it will not bring above 300 l. Sterling here. A most convincing proof of how little value Congress money is held at present, and a happy preface of a speedy peace between Great Britain and America.

INVOICE OF THE LIVELY SCHOONER:

3000 Bricks,	at L. 120	0 0 per 1000, L. 360	0 0
12000 Feet-boards and Joists,	200	0 0	2400 0 0
66000 Shingles for covering houses,			4600 0 0
2000 Red Oak Hhd-Staves,			600 0 0
1100 1/2 Hoops,	32	0 0	364 14 0
50 New Shook Hhds,	18	0 0	900 0 0
16 Old ditto,	22	10 0	360 0 0
8 Hhds Hhd, 53 1/2 Quintals,	30	0 0	684 10 0
3 Hhds Cod, 22 1/2 ditto,	160	0 0	3640 0 0
7 Barrels Old Wives, a kind of fish,	160	0 0	1120 0 0
11 Fish Hhds and Packing,	40	0 0	440 0 0
A House framed, 42 by 20 feet,			2000 0 0
1 Barrel of Old Beef,			150 0 0
10 Firkins of Butter,			2000 0 0
Private Property on board,			5000 0 0

Congress Money, L. 30777 4 0
Supported in all to bring 300 l. Sterling.

Theatre-Royal, July 25.

The THEATRE will close on Tuesday Evening next, August the first, 1780, on which Night will be performed, for the BENEFIT of Mr WILKINSON, the favourite new Comedy of THE BELLES STRATAGEM. The Farce of LE-THE will be revived; with Entertainments.

The destination of the expedition from Jamaica under Captain Polson has been greatly misunderstood by some of the publishers of news-papers, owing possibly to their unacquaintance with geography. It is said to be against Vera Cruz, and that one million had been offered, and refused, for the ransom of that place; near to which is St Juan de Ulua, supposed by them to be the fort taken by Captain Polson. That the public may not be misled, it is proper to inform them, that the Fort St Juan, which has now surrendered to the British forces, is about 1000 miles south-east from Vera Cruz. It is situated at the mouth of the Lake of Nicaragua, a maritime province of North America, in Mexico, bounded on the N. by Honduras, on the E. by the N. Sea, on the S. E. by Costa Rica, and on the S. W. by the S. Sea, is 400 miles in length from E. to W. and 120 in breadth from N. to S. It is one of the most agreeable and fruitful provinces in Mexico, and produces plenty of sugar, cochineal, and f. chocolate. Nicaragua Lake and River runs through the middle of the

province, the W. end lying within five leagues of the S. Sea; and the river which runs from it falls into the N. Sea. The chief cities in this province are Leon, Lio, Lajo, and Granada. Leon, the capital, is the residence of the Governor, and a Bishop's See. It consists of about 1000 houses, and has several monasteries and nunneries belonging to it. The Buccaneers took it, 1685, in sight of a Spanish army, who were six to one; and, after plundering, set it on fire, for refusing to pay the contribution demanded of them. Granada (mentioned in the dispatches) is in the Audience of Guatemala, and seated on the N. W. of the Lake Nicaragua, about 70 miles from the S. Sea. It was twice taken by the Buccaneers, and pillaged. The inhabitants carry on a very great trade by means of the Lake, which communicates with the N. Sea.

On Sunday the 23d instant died Mrs Ann Pringle, daughter of the deceased James Pringle of Torwoodlee, Esq; Miss Alice Dundas, daughter of Laurence Dundas, Esq; died here on the 20th current.

The Reverend Mr Thomas Randal, one of the Ministers of Stirling, died there yesterday, the 25th current. The extent of his learning, and originality of his genius, often led him to uncommon and striking thoughts on the most beaten subjects. His natural temper was cheerful, and his conversation pleasant and entertaining; his friendships warm and steady, his advice prudent, and his reproofs honest and faithful. He studied the sacred oracles with diligence and impartiality; was happy to find just illustrations of them, even in their writings whose system of Christianity he most disliked; and dared to profess what appeared to him truth, without regarding either the fashionable or popular creed. By a fair and generous conduct in some important pecuniary transactions, he gave early proofs that justice and honour were dearer to him than any worldly interests. The great ends of his office, and the general interests of religion, deeply affected and habitually influenced him. Though he believed that only real Christians are entitled, in the sight of God, to the seals of the covenant, he thought a profession of Christianity a sufficient warrant for dispensing them, where there was competent knowledge, and nothing in the life to contradict that profession. He lived the life of the upright, and his end was peace. The comfortable prospect of the heavenly bliss supported him amidst the gradual decays of nature, and gave him a serenity and joy which the stranger to religion cannot intermeddle with.

We are informed from Glasgow, that a man was lately taken into custody there, for employing an engraver to that place to counterfeit the notes of one of the Edinburgh Banks.

On Monday the 17th current, the house of Mr Campbell of Edertine, in Argyleshire, was nearly burnt to the ground. Happily, however, the main body of the house, and one of the wings were saved.

Monday, and not before, the Treasury warrant for his Majesty's purse of one hundred guineas, which was run for over the Sands of Leith on Tuesday last, reached Edinburgh. The manœuvres used above, to affront our representative, in a business of so trifling a nature, at the same time that they proved ineffectual, can be best explained by those who put them in practice. To persons not in the secret, they appear altogether unaccountable upon any principle of sound policy.

Monday night, at eight o'clock, an express arrived to the Magistrates of this City, from the Provost of Aberdeen, with information, that a privateer, ship-rigged, supposed to mount 20 guns, had taken a brigantine four miles from that harbour the evening before; upon which the Magistrates immediately dispatched an express boat after the Garland and Camel men of war, which the overtook below the island of Inchkeith, when these frigates shaped their course to intercept the privateer.

Extrait of a letter from Aberdeen, July 24.

"At Pady-fair last week, there was a very great demand for linens, which were rapidly bought up at good prices; and cattle sold higher than they have done for some time past."

"Yesterday afternoon, a three-masted vessel was observed in chase of a brig at about a league to the offing in this bay; after firing a few shot, the brig brought to, and they both set out to sea together. In the evening a sloop came in, by which we were informed, that the brig was bound from Riga to Inverness, with flax, Donald Bain, master, and had parted from the convoy on Saturday off St Andrew's bay; and that the other vessel was a French privateer of force which had dogged the fleet, in order to pick up any straggling vessels."

Extrait of a letter from Montrose, July 24.

"I have the pleasure to acquaint you, that seven of our Baltic vessels arrived here yesterday from Riga, among whom are Mathison, Jolly; Elisabeth, Bowman; Friendship, Lanciman; and London Packet, Mills. They were all very near taken yesterday, by a French privateer of 20 guns. She took a vessel a few miles to the northward of this place, that came with them, loaded with flax, for Aberdeen."

Extrait of a letter from Dublin, July 20.

"It is advanced as a truth, by the master of a vessel who is now in town, that the Black Prince's privateer has made above thirty-seven captures since her last trip into the Irish sea. This he had from McCarthy, the Captain, who is a native of the county of Corke, and to whom this man paid 1200 l. ransom. The crew being mostly composed of Irish seamen, the navigation of the coast becomes the easier; and as they are all pirates of the worst complexion, nothing but a superior force and the utmost vigilance can conquer men who have nothing but certain death to expect in consequence of being taken."

To the Publisher of the CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

S I R,

LIVY is very obstinate; and every thing he advances, as from himself, confirms the doctrine I have established. There must exist something to constitute an urbi; and condere urbem includes, not only the walls, and houses, but the laws by which it is to be governed: Hence condere leges. Hence, in Velleius, Octavius is called conditor civitatis Romani nominis.—What he means by a man whose business it is to discover the faults of others, I cannot well conceive. If the man he points at is right, he deserves the thanks of the Public for exposing blunders which influence the character of a country once famous for its knowledge of

the Latin language.—The Schoolmaster is perfectly indifferent to these fretful reflections, and still persists in his former opinion.—If LIVY perseveres, he shall meet with fuller proofs from the

July 25. 1780.

SCHOOLMASTER.

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

S I R,

I AM at a loss whether to suppose that your correspondent, who signs himself AN ENEMY TO FACTION, is some wretched tool of arbitrary power, or is really one so dull as utterly to mistake the intention of the Meeting of Jurymen, upon Tuesday next. How, in the name of wonder, can it be imagined, that there should be any thing factious in a Meeting called together to assert constitutional rights, in a decent manner? He is pleased to misunderstand or misinterpret my meaning, when I express my hopes that Tuesday next will be a better first of August than any that this country has ever seen. My meaning was, that more good, and less evil should be produced; and these hopes I do still entertain.

Your correspondent introduces the London riots, and wishes to have the constables employed to prevent the meeting of Jurymen. This is the wildest notion that could have been conceived; for, the meeting in St George's Fields of a multitude collected to overawe Parliament, was clearly illegal; whereas, a meeting of a moderate number of respectable people is certainly not so; and, as a proof that the London tumults are totally dissimilar to our meeting of Jurymen, it is well known that a man of great credit, as a citizen both of London and Edinburgh, who was associated in quelling the London rioters, is come down from that city, and will no doubt be a distinguished man at the meeting of Jurymen.

Your correspondent asks, What are the privileges of Jurymen? I refer him to the Letter to Lord Braxfield, where they are well defined, and of which every Jurymen, upon every trial, should have a copy in his pocket, as a Talisman to guard him against usurpation.

Let then the worthy Jurymen not be intimidated, but let them meet with the spirit which becomes them; and I will answer for it, that there will be lawyers present who will afford full security to their proceedings.

If some more cautious gentlemen should chuse rather to meet in private places than the Parliament House, they may do so; but I hope they will communicate their resolutions to the Secretary of the Jury Association.

LELIUS.

Orkney Shipping.

Sailed from Stromness.

July 3. The Lady Anstruther of and from Wick, Davidson, for the Highlands; the Favourite of Lynn, Maxwell, from Memel for Liverpool; the Neptune of ditto, Boon, from ditto for ditto; the Peggy of Leith, Robertson, from Morris-haven, from ditto for ditto; the Janet of and for Greenock, Douglas, from Banff.

9. The William and Agnes of Kincardine, Bruce, from Pilsudor, for Cromarty.

13. The Lucy of and for Greenock, M'Carter, from Bergen.

Remain in said harbour.

14. The Speedwell of Aberdeen, Anderson, for Portree; the Sinclair of and for Greenock, from Fraserburgh; and the Lady Ann of Anon, Logan, from Peterburgh.

Leith Shipping, July 24.—26.

ARRIVED.

Kitty and Anne of Gardonslon, Sangster, from Portsoy, with wine, &c. Leith Packet, from Carron, with goods; and a vessel with coals.

SAILED.

The Camel and Garland frigates, on a cruise; Peggy, Scott, for Dundee, with goods.—Wind S. W.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, GREENOCK.

ARRIVED.

21. Jeans, Sharp, from Dublin, ballast; Amelia, Sayer, from Poole with clay; Hannah, M'Kirdy, from ditto, with ditto; Three Sisters Shannan, Lochran, ballast.

SAILED.

22. Peggy, Campbell, for Ireland, with tobacco; Suffe, Angus, for Larne, with goods.

THE HADDINGTON ASSEMBLY is to be

on Tuesday next, the 1st of August. To begin at Six o'clock.

Strangers to be introduced by the Gentlemen of the county.

LANGUAGES.

UBALD OLIVIERI, who for several years was Professor of Italian at Lausanne in Switzerland, and afterwards at London, is arrived in this City, and offers his services as a Teacher of the FRENCH and ITALIAN LANGUAGES, to the Nobility and Gentry.

Mr Olivieri will be found at Mrs Sutherland's, at the head of Borthwick's close, Edinburgh.

Advertisement to CREDITORS of Sir THOMAS WALLACE DUNLOP of Craigie.

THE Agent in the process of ranking and sale of the estate of Craigie, depending before the Court of Session, did, some time ago, by order of the Court, make up, and lodge with Mr Geo. Kirkpatrick, clerk to the process, a state of all the grounds of debt and interests, produced for the Creditors; and such objections as occurred to him to lie against these grounds of debt, with a view of the order of ranking and preference of the creditors; which state and objections were allowed to be seen and answered by all concerned: As no answers have as yet been made, the agent takes this method to intimate to the creditors and their doers, That he will be under the necessity to apply to the Court to have the state advised, and the objections sustained, and a decree of ranking and preference pronounced, unless the creditors shall, without loss of time, attend to their interest in the premises, several of the creditors having not yet deponed on the verity of their debts.

Not to be repeated.

BEAUME DE VIE.

By his M A JESTY'S Patent.

THE great number of extraordinary Cures daily performed by this most efficacious Medicine, accounts of which are sent from all parts of the British dominions, render it unnecessary to lavish encomiums on its salutary effects: Suffice therefore to say, that the BEAUME, by its cordial, attenuating, and detergent powers, fortifies the stomach and bowels, and by procuring a good digestion, purifies the blood and juices, and gives vigour to the whole constitution.—To these qualities the faculty attribute its having proved so eminently serviceable in gouty, rheumatic, scorbutic, languid, nervous, and hypochondriac cases; and hence also they account for its being so particularly beneficial in FEMALE DISORDERS; and such as are incident to the Constitution in Spring and Fall.

To prevent counterfeits, the bottles are each signed by W. NICOLL, (Vender.) T. B. B. (Proprietor.)

The Beaume de Vie is sold by W. Nicoll, No. 11, St Paul's Church-yard, at 3 s. per bottle, with directions.—The Beaume is also appointed to be sold by Messrs HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. at Edinburgh; Mr Lellie at Aberdeen; Mr Nicoll at Dundee; Mr Morrison at Perth; Mr Gore and Mr Williamson at Liverpool; Mr Black, and Mr Smith and Co. at Newcastle; Mr Etherington and Mr Telford at York; Messrs Ware and Son at Whitehaven; and Mr Pettis at Dublin.

ESTATE of LATHOKER.

THE ROUP of the Lands and Estate of LATHOKER, advertised for sale on the 27th instant, is ADJOURNED to a future day, which, with the other particulars of the roup, will be mentioned in an after advertisement.

STAMP-OFFICE, EDINBURGH, July 18. 1780.

WHEREAS, by an Act of the 20th Year of his present Majesty, cap. LI. An act of the 19th, "Granting to his Majesty certain Duties on Licences to be taken out by all Persons letting Horses to Hire for travelling, in manner therein mentioned, and certain Duties on Horses let to Hire for the purpose of travelling Post and by Time; and upon certain Carriages therein mentioned," IS REPEALED, from and after the first day of August 1780; and in lieu thereof, IT IS ENACTED, That, from and after the said first day of August 1780, every Post-master, Inn-keeper, or other person in GREAT BRITAIN, who shall let to hire any Horse for the purpose of travelling post by the mile, or from stage to stage; or, being a person usually letting Horses to hire, shall let to hire for a day, or any less period of time, any Horse for drawing any Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calash with four wheels, Chaise-marine, Chaise with four wheels, or any Calash, Chaise, or Chair with two wheels, or any other Carriage used in travelling post, or otherwise, by whatsoever name such Carriages now are, or hereafter may be called or known; for, or in respect whereof any rate or duty, rates or duties, under the management of the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, now is, or are made payable by any statute or statutes heretofore made, and now in force, shall yield and pay annually unto his Majesty, his heirs and successors, the sum of FIVE SHILLINGS for a licence for that purpose: That, for and in respect of every Horse hired by the mile or stage, to be used in travelling post in Great Britain, there be charged a duty of ONE PENNY for every mile such Horse shall be hired to travel post;—and that for and in respect of every Horse hired for a day, or any less period of time, for drawing, on a post or other public road, any Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calash with four wheels, Chaise-marine, Chaise with four wheels, or any Calash, Chaise, or Chair with two wheels, or any other Carriage used in travelling post or otherwise, by whatsoever name such Carriages now are, or hereafter may be called or known; for, or in respect whereof, any rate or duty, rates or duties, under the management of the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, now is, or are made payable by any statute or statutes heretofore made and now in force, there shall be charged, if the distance shall be then ascertained, the sum of ONE PENNY per mile; and if the distance shall not then be ascertained, there shall be charged the sum of ONE SHILLING AND SIXPENCE, for and in respect of each Horse so hired; such duty to be paid by the person or persons by whom such Horses shall be hired. Persons letting Horses to hire either by the mile or stage, or to draw any Carriages used in travelling post or otherwise, as aforesaid, without a licence, to forfeit FIVE POUNDS for every offence.

That, from and after the said first day of August 1780, every person who shall keep any four-wheeled Chaise, or other Machine, commonly called a Diligence or Post Coach, or by what name soever such Carriages now are, or hereafter shall be called or known, for the purpose of conveying in the inside thereof any number of passengers not exceeding four, for hire, to and from stage to stage, or from place to place;—or who shall keep any Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calash with four wheels, Chaise-marine, Chaise with four wheels, or other Carriage, by what name soever the same now is, or hereafter shall be called, or known to be employed as PUBLIC STAGE COACHES, or Carriages for the purpose of conveying passengers for hire to and from different places in the kingdom of GREAT BRITAIN, shall yield and pay annually unto his Majesty, his heirs and successors, the sum of FIVE SHILLINGS for a licence for that purpose. Persons letting out Diligences, Post-Coaches, Stage-Coaches, or other Carriages as aforesaid, without first having obtained a licence for each, to forfeit FIVE POUNDS for every time such Diligence, Post-Coach, or Stage-Coach, shall be so used.

That every four-wheeled Chaise, or other machine, commonly called a Diligence or Post-Coach, or by what name soever such Carriages now are, or hereafter shall be called or known, for the purpose of conveying in the inside thereof any number of passengers not exceeding four, for hire, to and from stage to stage, or from place to place;—and that every Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calash with four wheels, Chaise-marine, Chaise with four wheels, or other Carriage, by what name soever the same now is, or hereafter shall be called or known, to be employed as PUBLIC STAGE COACHES or CARRIAGES, for the purpose of conveying passengers for hire to and from different places in the kingdom of Great Britain, shall be, and the same is hereby charged with the duty of ONE HALF-PENNY for every mile such Carriage or Carriages as aforesaid shall travel, to be paid by the owner or owners thereof respectively.

It is also enacted and declared, That every Horse hired for the purpose of drawing any Carriage as aforesaid, for any less period of time than two complete days, shall be deemed for the purposes of the said act to be hired for one day, and shall be subject to all the rules, regulations, and restrictions, as horses hired for a day, or less period of time, for drawing such Carriages as aforesaid, are by said act made subject and liable unto.

Every horse hired by the mile or stage, deemed hired to travel post, within the true intent and meaning of the act, although the person or persons hiring do not travel several stages on a post road, or change horses; and although at the stage or place at or to which such horse shall be hired, there shall not be any post-house, and although there shall not be any post settled or established on the road, or any part thereof, upon which such horse shall be hired to go.

It is further enacted, That if any post-master, or other person, under pretence of there being no turnpike upon the road through which he may be hired to go, or under any other pretence whatever, shall neglect to demand and receive the said duty of ONE PENNY per mile from the person or persons hiring a horse or horses; or shall neglect or refuse to deliver the ticket or tickets directed by the said act, shall forfeit TEN POUNDS for every offence, and moreover be chargeable with the duty, as if actually received by him, her, or them.

It is to be observed, That by the above act, (from and after the 1st of August 1780) every Coach, Chariot, Chaise, &c. hired, whether the distance is great or small, or whether they return the same day, is liable to the duty of ONE PENNY PER MILE for each horse, or ONE SHILLING AND SIX-PENCE PER DAY, where the distance is not known; unless where the same is hired for two complete days, or more.

LICENCES, in terms of the said act of Parliament, will be given out at the Stamp Office, Edinburgh, and by the persons following, viz.

Names.	Places of abode.	Districts.
Hay Donaldson,	Haddington,	County of Haddington.
Robert Ainslie,	Dunfermline,	County of Berwick.
Thomas Waugh,	Jedburgh,	Counties of Roxburgh, Selkirk, and Peebles.
Robert Maxwell,	Dumfries,	Counties of Dumfries and Wigton, and Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.
Peter Blackburn,	Glasgow,	Counties of Lanark, Renfrew, and Dumbarton.
William McKillop,	Stirling,	Counties of Stirling and Clackmannan.
William Mercer,	Perth,	County of Perth.
John Duncan,	Aberdeen,	Counties of Aberdeen and Banff, and part of Kincardine.
John Duff,	Elgin,	County of Nairn.
John Barclay,	Tain,	Counties of Inverness, Ross, Sutherland, Caithness, and Cromarty.
Charles Thomson,	Montrose,	County of Forfar Eastern District, and part of Kincardine County.
David Jobson,	Dundee,	County of Forfar Western District.
John Stevenson,	Cupar-Fife,	Counties of Fife and Kinross.
David Ferguson,	Ayr,	County of Ayr.
Henry Gillies,	Linlithgow,	County of Linlithgow.

ALEX. MENZIES, Collector for N. Britain. N. B. Postmasters and Diligence-letters are desired immediately to pay up all arrears due 5th July curt. to the Collector within whose district they lie; and all duties falling due from that period to 1st August, to be paid within three days thereafter.

BRICKS to be SOLD.

UPON Tuesday the 1st day of August, at eleven o'clock forenoon, there are to be SOLD by public roup, near the house of Invergowrie, about two miles west from the town of Dundee, FIFTY THOUSAND BRICKS.—Not to be repeated.

STAMP OFFICE, EDINBURGH, July 18. 1780.

WHEREAS, by an act of the 20th of his present Majesty, laying a duty on horses let to hire, in manner therein mentioned, and upon certain carriages therein specified, IT IS ENACTED, "That every Post-master, Inn-keeper, or other person licensed to let horses, as therein mentioned, shall cause the words (LICENSED TO LET POST HORSES) to be painted or written in LEGIBLE CHARACTERS, either on a sign hung out, or in some visible place in the front of his, her, or their houses, stables, or out-offices, at the respective places at which he, she, or they let out horses to hire, as aforesaid, to denote that such Post-master, Inn-keeper, or other person is a letter or furnisher of horses, and authorized to furnish travellers with the same, pursuant to law; And if any Inn-keeper, Post-master, or other person so licensed as aforesaid, shall presume to let out horses to hire, as therein mentioned, without fixing or hanging out such tokens as aforesaid, every Post-master, Inn-keeper, or other person so offending shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of FIVE POUNDS."

It is also ENACTED, "That every Post-master, Inn-keeper, or other person so licensed as aforesaid, SHALL, if he, she, or they furnish his, her, or their own chaises or other carriages, at the same time with such horses let to hire to travel post, as aforesaid, mark or paint, or cause to be marked or painted, on the outside panel of the door, or on some conspicuous part of the chaise, or other carriage so furnished, his, her, or their Christian and Surname, and the name of the city, town, or place of his, her, or their abode, IN LARGE and LEGIBLE CHARACTERS, and continue the same thereupon so long as such chaise or carriage shall be so used: AND, if any person or persons shall neglect the same, OR mark or paint, or cause to be marked or painted, any false or fictitious name or place of abode, on such chaise or other carriage, he or she shall forfeit for every such offence the sum of FIVE POUNDS."

It is further ENACTED, "That every Post-master, Inn-keeper, or other person so licensed as aforesaid, if he, she, or they furnish his, her, or their own coaches, berlins, landaus, chariots, calashes with four wheels, chaise-marine, chaise with four wheels, or any calash-chaise, or chair with two wheels, or other carriage, as aforesaid, at the same time with such horses let to hire for a day or less period of time, for drawing on a post or other public road, where such carriage shall have a box or other outside seat for the driver thereof, SHALL affix, upon some conspicuous part of the foot-board, or other part of such box or seat, a brass or tin plate, upon which shall be marked or engraved the Christian and Surname of every such owner or owners, and the name of the city, town, or place of his, her, or their abode, IN LARGE and LEGIBLE CHARACTERS, and continue the same thereon, and replace the same as often as occasion shall require, during the time such coach, or other carriage as aforesaid, shall be so used; and where such carriage is so furnished as aforesaid shall not have a box, or other outside seat for the driver thereof, shall affix upon a conspicuous part of the pole, shaft, or splinter-bar of every such chaise, or other carriage as aforesaid, a brass or tin plate, upon which there shall be marked or engraved the Christian and Surname of every such owner and owners, together with the name of the city, town, or place of his, her, or their abode, IN LARGE and LEGIBLE CHARACTERS, and continue the same thereon, and replace the same as often as occasion shall require, during the time any such chaise, or other carriage as aforesaid, shall be so used: And, if any person or persons shall omit or neglect so to do, or mark or engrave, or cause to be marked or engraved, any false or fictitious name or place of abode, on any such plate so to be affixed on any such coach, berlin, landau, chariot, chaise, or other carriage, as aforesaid, shall for every such offence forfeit FIVE POUNDS."

It is likewise ENACTED, "That if any person or persons shall take off, or cause to be taken off, the brass or tin plate directed to be affixed on carriages, as aforesaid, with an intent to evade the payment of the duty, or premium to the toll-gate-keeper, every such person or persons shall forfeit FIVE POUNDS for every offence."

And, in case any carriage upon which any brass or tin plate is directed to be affixed, as aforesaid, shall pass through any turnpike without having such brass or tin plate affixed thereon, the DRIVER or DRIVERS of every such carriage shall forfeit and pay the sum of TWENTY SHILLINGS.

It is further ENACTED, That all and every person or persons licensed to use a Diligence, COACH, or OTHER CARRIAGE, to be used as Diligences or public Stage-coaches, shall mark or paint, or cause to be marked or painted, on the outside panel of each door thereof, before he, she, or they shall use the same, his, her, or their Christian and Surname, mentioning the place from whence they set out, and to which they are going, in plain and legible characters.

ALEX. MENZIES, COLL. N. Britain.

JUDICIAL SALE, by Adjournment.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, in virtue of an Act of Parliament obtained for that purpose, upon Wednesday the 2d of August next, betwixt the hours of 4 and 6 afternoon, in the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills,

THE FOLLOWING TEN FARMS,

Parts of the Lands and Barony of PRIMROSE, in the county of Edinburgh, either together or in Lots, viz. The Lands of BLACKHOPE, lying in the parish of Heriot; and the Land of CAULDHALL, PRIMROSEMUIR, EDGELAW, STONEFAULDHILL, CAPIELAW, SHIELDS OF CAPIELAW, FANSQUARTER, REDSIDE, and FATLIPS, lying in the parish of Primrose.

The proven rental and value of these Farms are as follow:

1. BLACKHOPE.	Gross rent, L. 120 0 0	Deductions, L. 19 3 4-12ths	Free rent, L. 118 0 8 8-12ths	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 2360 14 5 4-12ths
2. CAULDHALL.	Gross rent, L. 60 0 0	Deductions, L. 3 2 1 6-12ths	Free rent, L. 56 17 10 6-12ths	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 1137 17 6
3. PRIMROSEMUIR.	Gross rent, L. 15 15 0	Deductions, L. 0 16 3 9-12ths	Free rent, L. 14 18 8 3-12ths	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 298 13 9
4. EDGELAW.	Gross rent, L. 65 0 0	Deductions, L. 3 7 3 9-12ths	Free rent, L. 61 12 8 3-12ths	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 1232 13 9
5. STONEFAULDHILL.	Gross rent, L. 80 0 0	Deductions, L. 4 2 10	Free rent, L. 75 17 2	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 1517 3 4
6. CAPIELAW.	Gross rent, L. 60 0 0	Deductions, L. 3 2 1 6-12ths	Free rent, L. 56 17 10 6-12ths	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 1137 17
7. SHIELDS OF CAPIELAW.	Gross rent, L. 40 0 0	Deductions, L. 2 1 5	Free rent, L. 37 18 7	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 753 11 8
8. FANSQUARTER.	Gross rent, L. 76 15 2 10-12ths	Deductions, L. 3 19 6	Free rent, L. 72 15 8 10-12ths	Value at 22 years purchase, L. 1601 6 2 4-12ths
9. REDSIDE.	Gross rent, L. 80 0 0	Deductions, L. 4 2 10	Free rent, L. 75 17 2	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 1517 3 4
10. FATLIPS.	Gross rent, L. 10 10 0	Deductions, L. 0 10 10 6-12ths	Free rent, L. 9 19 1 6-12ths	Value at 20 years purchase, L. 199 2 6
				Total free rents, L. 500 15 7 6-12ths
				Total value of the Ten Farms, L. 11761 3 11 8-12ths

The progress of writs, with the articles and conditions of sale, will be seen in the hands of Alexander Stevenson depute clerk of Session, and of Samuel Mitchell jun. clerk to the signet; and Alexander Tweedie, at Primrose, will show the farms.

By ADJOURNMENT.

SALE of LANDS in FIFE.

And a HOUSE, two STABLES, and a COACH-HOUSE in Edinburgh. TO be SOLD jointly, or in lots after mentioned, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Friday the 28th day of July current.

The following PARTS of the Estate of LUTHRIE, remaining unsold, viz. The Farm of CARPHIN, possessed by Mr Robert Baillie; the East Farm of LUTHRIE, possessed by Thomas Tod; Two Pends of Land in BRUNTON, possessed by John and Robert Smith; with the teinds, parsonage, and vicarage of the said lands. The above lands consist of 630 Scots acres, pay of yearly rent about 1200 sterling, after deduction of all public burdens, and lie within the parish of Creech andshire of Fife.

The whole of these lands hold of the Crown, and will entitle the purchaser to a freehold qualification in the county of Fife, burdened with a life-rent vote.

If the premises are not sold jointly, they will be sold in the following lots:

Lot I. The Farm of CARPHIN, containing about 99 acres, besides extensive pasture-grounds. The present free rent of this farm is 781. 17s. 6d. Sterling. The purchaser will be entitled to a freehold-qualification in the county of Fife, burdened with a life-rent vote.

Lot II. The East Farm of LUTHRIE, consisting of about 300 acres, and paying of free rent 59 l. 19 s. Sterling; which, with the rent and feu-duty payable for Brunton, added to this lot, makes the rent amount to 60 l. 8 s. 5 1-3d Sterling. The purchaser of this lot will hold the same of the purchaser of Lot I. for payment of a small feu-duty.

As a sale is much wanted, the premises will be sold or feued jointly, or in the lots before mentioned, on very reasonable terms: And proposals, in these views, may be given in betwixt and the day of sale.

AS ALSO TO BE SOLD.

That HOUSE in Maitland's Land, Canongate, possessed by Mr Moodie writer; and these two Stables and Coach-house, at the foot of St John's Street, Canongate, lately possessed by Mr Trotter of Morton hall, and Captain Churchill; each stable containing stalls for three horses. The above lands will be seen by calling at the house of Luthrie; and the house, stables, and coach-house will be shown by the respective tenants.

The title-deeds of the premises, with a rental, and plans of the lands, may be seen in the hands of Samuel Mitchell jun. clerk to the signet, or of Edward Bruce writer in Edinburgh; and copies of the inventory of the title-deeds, and of the rental, will be seen in the hands of James Carstairs writer in Cupar-Fife, to any of whom proposals for buying or feuing may be given in.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

LANDS IN THE WEST OF FIFE TO BE SOLD.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the British Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 2d of August next, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

The Lands of NORTHER STRATHRUDDIE, with the teinds and pertinents thereof, lying within the parish of Auchtermuchty, andshire of Fife, about a mile or thereby south-west of Kingliffe. These lands consist of about 130 Scots acres, mostly arable, and partly inclosed. They hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 124 l. 12 s. Scots; are of a very good soil, lie smooth and contiguous, exceedingly proper for inclosures and improvements of any kind, having been lately divided, and the marches (strengthened with the neighbouring heritors with that view, in which considerable progress has already been made; and lie in the neighbourhood of coal, lime, and free-stone.

The purchaser's entry is to be at Martindale next; and the progress of writs, plan of the grounds, and conditions of sale, are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Rattray writer in Edinburgh; to whom any person including a private bargain may apply. The grounds will be shown by the servants on the farm.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 9th August next.

THE HOUSE in Hanover Street, New Town, lately possessed by the deceased George Leslie, Esq; consisting of a kitchen floor, dining-room floor, drawing-room floor, bed-room storey, and garrets, with cellars in front, back area, and many other conveniences; all in good order, clean and free of smoke.

The purchaser to enter at Whitunday 1781.

The house may be seen every Wednesday and Friday, between the hours of eleven and two.

The articles of roup to be seen in the hands of John Anderson, writer to the signet, to whom any person intending to purchase by private bargain may apply.